truggle for the pension agency. They have Ever since that moment the apologists of en reinforced by Mr. Thieme, of Fort Wayne, who wants some sort of an office for himself. The office-seeking contingent from Fort Wayne thus becomes ominously Representative Holman to-day warmed up in his work for his candidate for the pension agency, private Jones, of Manilla, Rush county, in a way that indicates a determination to earnestly antagonize Spencer and all of his indorsers. Mr. Holman said that it would great mistake, from every point of view, to appoint Spencer over Jones. The latter, he said, lought all through the war in the ranks, had made a spiendid fighting record and was so popular and well known that his appointment would not only insure a good administration of the office, but strength to the party. Judge Holman is greatly in earnest for private lones, but he evidently does not really believe he will get the office. Representative Brown sent the names of

three Democrats to the Secretary of War to-day for appointment to positions in the quartermaster's military depot at Jeffer-sonville, and is confident of their immediate appointment, although he will not make known their names for some days yet. About two-thirds of the force of that depot have been changed recently. John Campion, of Fort Wayne, who has been appointed an inspector of free mail delivery service, is here and will be examined by the Civil-service Commission on

MR. FOSTER SPEAKS.

He Says President Harrison Never Discussed the Bond Question.

TOLEDO, Jan. 20.-The Blade, to-day, has an interview with ex-Secretary Charles Foster on the bond-call of Secretary Carlisle. Concerning the story that a year ago he had the plates engraved for a bond issue, which was stopped by President Harrison, Mr. Foster said: "That is not correct. The story arose from the well-known fact that I favored a bond issue in case the gold reserve went belown the hundred-million mark. But it did not drop below the line during the Harrison administration, and there was no need that the step should be taken. As to President Harrison, he never discussed the point, because the reserve never fell as low as the hundred-million line. I am of the impression that he would have favored the plan, had the treasury gold fallen below that."

In reply to a question as to whether the Secretary has the right to issue bonds un-der the act of 1875, Mr. Foster said: "It is my view that the law did not contemplate the selling of bonds to meet current expenses of the government, which is really that Mr. Carlisle proposes. But he undoubtedly has authority to sell bonds to replenish the reserve. He can do that and then pay it out for current expenses; then sell more bonds to bring up the reserve again, and so on. But this evades the spirit of the law, in my opinion."

Statement from Sovereign. DES MOINES, Ia., Jan. 20.-Grand Master Workman Sovereign has not received an answer from Senator Allen yet. He received a telegram from J. W. Hayes, the general secretary, congratulating him on the progress of the suit. Mr. Sovereign furnished the following statement to-day as the basis for the suit for an injunction:

"If the Secretary of the Treasury is compelled by law to keep in the national treas-ury \$100,000,000 in gold, he violated the law when he reduced the amount below the required sum and should be impeached. If he is not required to maintain the \$100,000,000 reserve or any specific sum, his recent offer to sell \$50,000,000 of bonds under the act of Jan. 14, 1875, is without authority and in violation of the law. If he has authority to sell bonds for the purpose of keeping intact the \$100,000,000 gold reserve, then his proposition to sell bonds far in excess of the deficit in the reserve fund is still without authority of law and is a violation of his

VETOED BY THE PRESIDENT. Mr. Cleveland Kills the New York and

New Jersey Bridge Bill. WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.-The New York and New Jersey bridge bill was vetoed by the President to-day. In doing so the President said the bill permitted the erection of piers in the river, and that the growing commerce in the future might be interfered with. He appreciates the necessity for a bridge, but competent engineers, he benefed the river could be spanned without piers. Having due regard for the action of the Legislature of New York and the necessities of commerce, he thought it inadvisable to permit the erection of piers in the river. Another great objection, he says, is the amendment to the act of 1890 for the erection of a bridge at Twenty-third street. By that act the bridge was to be erected without piers, and the company then accepted its terms. The present bill gives a new grant to that company, and removes the guarantee that there shall be no obstruction in the river. It grants new privileges to a company not named in the title of the bill. If a thoroughfare so important to New York is to be crossed by bridges their position should be separately considered.

THE TARIFF BILL.

Little Interest Shown in the House-

Several Amendments Lost. WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 .- Only one amendment to the tariff bill was argued to-dayrelating to the tin plate schedule. It was unimportant, however, affecting not the rates, but the technicalities of the trade. The Henderson amendment to substitute the existing rates on agricultural products, the Dingley amendment to change the rates on lime from 10 per cent. advalorem to a spethe Grain amendment to reduce the duties has been ever since. cific duty of 6 cents per 100 pounds, and on cotton and woolen goods from 45 per cent. to 25 per cent., were lost.

At 1:10 the President's Secretary appeared with the Hawaiian message and the veto of the New York and New Jersey bridge bill. The former was read and then the House resolved itself into a committee of the whole for consideration of the tariff bill. The interest in the tariff, however, had plainly departed, and members stood about in groups discussing the Hawalian message and correspondence. Mr. McRae gave notice that he would

on Monday offer an amendment to strike

out the sugar bounty. Mr. Wilson asked unanimous consent that on Tuesday three hours be set aside for the discussion of the coal schedule, and three hours for the iron ore schedule. After some parleying this was agreed to. At 5:30 the committee rose and the House took a recess until 8 o'clock, with an important amendment by Mr. Hitt, pending the subject of which was to force Cunada to admit our coal free in return for the free admission of Canadian coal in the United States.

When the House resumed its session tonight Representative Talbert spoke in favor of the tariff bill and was followed by Representative C. W. Stone, of Pennsylvania, in opposition. Representative Boatner, the next speaker, censured the ways and means committee for reporting a bill which, he asserted, savored so much of the protective policy. He thought that the ways and means committee should have placed a duty upon sugar instead of maintaining a bounty on that article. Representative Strong spoke in opposition to the bill, as did Representative Wheeler, after which the House adjourned.

"CUCKOOS."

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 .- Men often make

An Ex-Hoosier Responsible for the New Application of the Word.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

or lose reputations in Congress by a single word or act. Representative John L. Wilson, of Washington State, seems to have thrust upon himself a soubriquet which is equal to renown by the timely exclamation of a single word with but two syllables. The press of the country is publishing almost daily, in connection with congressional proceedings, some reference to the "cuckoos" in Congress who respond by word or act to the striking of the White House clock. The origin of this word in the connection in which it is used is due to Representative Wilson, of Washington. The circumstances under which the exclamation was uttered existed but recently, yet they have been forgotten by most readers. There was unconsideration a measure which had met with bitter opposition on the part of certain Democrats who had been acting for the administration. The President suddenly changed his policy, and irstead of opposing, advocated the proposition pending before the House. When the measure was about to be placed on its

passage a great many administration Dem-

led, so as to conform to the desires of the

esident. General Tracey, of New York,

led the administration forces, and when he

tot up to announce his change of front

there was a dead silence. Pending the ut-

1000

. . .

terance, every one knew and appreciated

ocrats changed the position they had occu-

the administration have been referred to as

Protests from Indianians.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 .- In the House this afternoon Jerry Simpson offered an amendment to the tariff bill placing woolens on the free list. Immediately Mr. Johnson, of Indiana, arose and presented as an antidote to the proposition, the resolution adopted by the Woolen Manufacturers of Indiana, at Indianapolis, on the 2d instant, in opposttion to the wool and woolen clauses in

the Wilson bill. Representative Martin laid before the House the remonstrance of F. E. Johnson, W. H. Heogland and J. C. Pritchard, of Peru, a committee on behalf of Local Union No. 101 American Flint Glass Workers Union, against the adoption of the Wilson tariff bill. There is not so much suppression of this class of petitions now as there was a few days ago.

Medal Design Condemned.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 .- Senator Vilas states that he will protest against the designs of the award medals of the World's Columbian Exposition. He secured proofs from the Philadelphia mint, and on one side of the medal it was discovered that the design was that of a stalwart specimen of American manhood, holding in his right hand a lighted torch; in his left a shield. Nearly all of the Senators condemn the design, and some other figure will probably be substituted.

Pension Order by Lochren. WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.-Commissioner of Pensions Lochren has issued the follow-

ing order respecting calls for testimony in "From and after this date all calls made by the Second Auditor for abstracts of testimony or for copies of evidence or for transmission of originals to his office will be referred by the chief of the mail division to the chief of the law division

who will designate a sufficient force of em-

ployes of that division to answer said Mrs. Cleveland's Public Reception. WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.-Mrs. Claveland held her public reception to-day and shook hands with a multitude of people almost as great as on New Year's day. The East room was tastefully, but elaborately decorated with potted plants, palms, etc. The day was exceptionally bright and mild, and invited a large attendance at the recep tion. The hours set were from 3:30 to 5:30 It is estimated that between six and seven thousand people passed in the lines.

New Fourth-Class Postmasters. WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 .- Fourth-class postmasters were appointed for Indiana today as follows: Brushy Prairie, Lagrange county, Frank Spaulding, vice P. H. Pierce, resigned; Letts Corner, Decatur county, A. M. McConnell, vice Lottie P. Davis, removed; Monitor, Tippecanoe county, P. J. Yost, vice J. H. Yost, resigned.

No Change in Senate Rules. WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 .- There will be no changes in the rules of the Senate this session. The question was definitely decided at a meeting of the committee on rules, which was held to-day, and which was attended by all the members of the

Place for John W. Kern. WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.-Attorney-general Olney has appointed John W. Kern, of Indianapolis, to be special assistant to the United States district attorney.

General Notes. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 .- Mr. and Mrs. Will M. Marsh, of Muncie, are in the city to spend the social season and visit Mr. Marsh's mother and brother at 1808 Riggs

N. J. Howe, of Delphi, is at Willard's. Harry C. Adams and other Indianapolis Board of Trade delegates now here spent to-day in the House galleries watching the James E. Murdock and son, of Lafayette,

spent the day at the Capitol and left this evening for New York to see Senator Brice Miss Heien C. Johnson, of Richmond, will arrive here to-morrow to spend some weeks visiting her father, Representative Johnson.

OBITUARY.

William Gilpin, First Governor of the Territory of Colorado.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 20.-Ex-Gov. William Gilpin, the first Governor of the Territory of Colorado, was found dead in his bed at o'clock this morning by his daughter. Three months ago the Governor was badly injured by falling from a moving street car, and it is thought that was the direct cause of his death.

Mr. Gilpin was born in 1822, and had lived in Colorado for thirty-one years. He was appointed Governor of the Territory of Colorado by President Lincoln, March 22, 1861, and was at that time a resident of Philadelphia. Governor Gilpin was a particularly intimate friend of General Harney and the late United States Senator Lewis V. Bogy.

Helen Schafer. BOSTON, Jan. 20 .- President Helen Schafer, of Wellesley College, is dead.

Miss Schafer was born in Newark, N. She received her education in Oberlin College, where she obtained her degree of M. A. Miss Schaefer taught in St. Louis for ten years, having charge of the department of mathematics in the Central High School. Then she was called to the chair of meth-

Other Deaths.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20 .- J. Otto Moller, the millionaire sugar refiner, died at his home to-night in his eighty-sixth year. He was born in Hanover, Germany, and came to this county more than fifty years ago. QUINCY, Ill., Jan. 20.-William H. Cooper, an old-time actor, died at Blessing Hospital to-day. He was a former member of DeBar's stock company, at St. Louis, and of Lawrence Barrett's company. PARIS, Jan. 20.-The dramatists, Paul Blair and Eugene Neue, are dead.

Manager Hanlon Denounced.

BOSTON, Jan. 20 .- The meeting of the National Industrial League resolved itself into an indignation meeting at which Manager William Hanlon of the "Superba" company, was roundly censured. Resolutions were adopted denouncing Hanlon. The action of the Industrial League is the result of an interview with Mr. Hanion, published in the papers in this city, in which he criticised Mrs. Charlotte Smith. and claimed that the statements made by her relative to his treatment of employes after the Globe Theater fire were absolutely false. In proof of his claim he produced letters from the two young women assisted by the league, to the effect that Mr. Hanlon had helped them in every way possible.

Ticket Agent Wounded by a Thief. PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 20.-Thomas A. Waddell, ticket agent of the Pittsburg, Virginia & Charleston railroad at the Ninetrenth-street station, South Side, at about 8 o'clock this morning was attacked by an unknown man with a coupling pin, and was dangerously injured. The assailant has been hanging around the station for some time past. He told Waddell yesterday that he was waiting for a package. This morning he presumably got tired of waiting, for he burst open the door of the ticket office, fell upon Mr. Waddell, struck him several times on the head, and tried to reach the money drawer. Waddeli's cries brought several railroad employes on the scene, and the thief took to his heels,

Movements of Steamers.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.-Arrived: New York, from Scuthampton; Etruria, from Liverpoor; Dama, from Hamburg; Saale, from Bremen and Southampton. It was announced to-day for the Cunard Company that plans for the construction of two new steamships similar to the Campania and Lucania have been approved The new vessels will be built in a mannor that will embody all the superior points of the two flyers and at the same time do away with the few defects that have been noticed in their construction.

Doctored Returns.

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 20.-The recanvass of the vote on the salaries amendment harmonizes with the results developed in the Governor's office and very clearly shows that the returns were tampered with after reaching the Secretary of State's office. The corrected canvass involves a return of \$5,700 to the State treasury.

Killed by a Blast. CONON CITY, Col., Jan. 20 .- The premature explosion of a blast at the State dite.

George Bennet Arrested at Terre Haute for Working a Fraud.

Young Couple at Petersburg in Trouble -An Old Lady Fatally Hurt by a Calf-A Democrat Flops.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Jan. 20.-Postoffice Inspector Fletcher this evening arrested George B. Bennet, a druggest, on a charge of using the mails to defraud persons who answered his advertisement for postage stamps. He offered to buy stamps of any denomination, and asked to have them sent to him for approval. He advertised under several names and forged the name of President McKeen, of the Vandalia road, to recommend himself. The department has received many inquiries about him from persons who had answered his advertisements, but failed to receive pay for their

HAD IT IN HER STOCKING. Young Bride Tries to Hide Her Mon-

ey, but a Policeman Found It. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. PETERSBURG, Ind., Jan. 20.-Al. D. Beasley is a young printer about twenty-two years old, born and raised here. For the past several years he has "tramped" from place to place. A few days ago the young man eloped with a Louisville belle and was married. The young woman's mother was opposed to the marriage, but after the elopement took place gave her daughter \$300 as a wedding present. Beasley was "dead broke," and began spending his wife's money. They arrived in Evansville Wednesday night and registered at the American Hotel. During the night Mrs. Beasley got hold of the money she had given her hus-

band and the next morning the police were notified by Beasley that he had been The policeman discovered the money in the wife's stocking. The next day the young couple left Evansville for Washington. Beasley left his wife at a hotel at the place and drove to Petersburg Thursday night, after again securing the money. He told his wife on ving that he perhaps would not be back. as he aimed to call on his mother. He claimed that his mother lived in Washingington. The wife, learning of her husband's treachery, followed him to this here a few days and go back to her home at Louisville.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal." GREENFIELD, Ind., Jan. 20.-The central committee of the People's party and a number of their leading workers met here this afternoon for the purpose of re-

People's Party Will Fight Hard.

organization. They selected precinct committeemen from all over the county, and also delegates to the State and congressional conventions, although the time for said convention has not been set yet. The People's party in this county will make a vigorous campaign. The greater part of its strength will come from the Democratic ranks, and the outlook is that there will be many more accessions from the same source this year.

Fataily Butted by a Calf. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

BRAZIL, Ind., Jan. 20.-Intelligence reached here this afternoon of the fatal assault made on Mrs. E. Williams, residing south of here, by a yearling calf. Mrs. Williams is a widow and resides on a farm. She went to the barnyard late last evening to milk, when she was suddenly attacked by the calf. The animal knocked her down and butted and stamped her frightfully. Her face was badly disfigured, and besides the breaking of both shoulder blades she was injured internally to such an extent that she cannot recover. Mrs. Williams is seventy-six years old.

Muncie Mills Doing Better.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MUNCIE, Ind., Jan. 20 .- Another department of the Ball Brothers' glass factory was started to-day. A hundred men went to work in the pressers' department. The three factories are now at work, employing about seven hundred hands. Next week the Muncie Muck Bar Company, which recent ly leased the old Darneli iron works, will double their force of men, and the entire plant will be put into operation. Several of the puddlers who worked in the mill leased it from the receiver, and are making a success of their venture. They divide the

Hammond Gets East Chicago. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

VALPARAISO, Ind., Jan. 20.-The jury in the Porter county Circuit Court has brought in a verdict in favor of annexing East Chicago to Hammond. The case had been on trial all week. The dispute as to whether the territory on which East Chica-go is located should be annexed to Hammond had been an interesting question for some time. Judge E. D. Crumpacker apceared for the plaintiff and atorneys Judge Johnson, A. S. Jones, Senator Youche and W. G. Reading for the defense.

A Democrat Becomes Republican.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. FRANKFORT, Ind., Jan. 20.-John W Strawn, a prominent Frankfort attorney has renounced the Democratic party and in an interview with the News gives his reasons for the change. Mr. Strawn has heretofore beeen one of the principal Democratic stump speakers of the county and his conversion to the Republican party is a great surprise to his Democratic friends.

Death of Sarah Ann George. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

NOBLESVILLE, Ind., Jan. 20.-Sarah Ann George, a pioneer of Hamilton county, aged sixty-six, died at the home of ex-Senator Graham, in this city, last night. She had been a resident of Hamilton county for fifty years, and since the death of her husband has made her home with her daughter. Mrs. Graham, who, with two brothers, H. George, of this city, and Hon. J. F. George, of St. Paul, survive their mother.

Death of Capt. George Ogden.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. KOKOMO, Ind., Jan. 20.-George T. Ogden, one of the oldest and most prominent business men of this city, died yesterday, aged sixty-six. He was captain of company D. Thirty-ninth Indiana Volunteers, in the late war, remaining to the close of the conflict. He was a member of the G. A. R., and all the Masonic bodies in the city, who will conduct the funeral at 2 o'clock Sunday

Kossuth's Health Improved. BERLIN, Jan. 29.-The Deutsche Zeitung correspondent at Turin paid a visit to Kossuth, the distinguished Hungarian patriot, on Wednesday last and found him

so improved in health as to be able to con-

verse most vivaciously with his visitor for

over an hour. Kossuth told the correspond-

ent that his great work, the "History of

Hungary," was nearly finished and almost ready for the press. Hamilton County Organizes. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. NOBLESVILLE, Ind., Jan. 20 .- The new Republican county central committee, of Hamilton county, met in this city to-day, to organize for the ensuing campaign. The officers chosen are John F. Neal, re-elected

chairman; C. C. White, secretary; C. J.

McCole, treasurer. This organization makes a strong committee. The Barber Lost His Damages. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. SOUTH BEND, Ind., Jan. 20,-Several morths ago the South Bend Tribune pub-

lished an article alleging that Charles Gar-

wood was poisoned in O. D. Myers's barber shop by the use of a lotion. Myers sued

the Tribune for \$5,000 and the case was decided this afternoon in favor of the defend-Burglars at Kingsbury. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. LAPORTE, Ind., Jan. 20.-Last night burglars broke open the Kingsbury station safe and stole \$200 belonging to the Wabash

and did not awake until late this morning. Paris to Be Tried Feb. 14.

what was about to be done. At the most of this morning ignited some powder on the ground near a group of convicts. Joseph little man with a shrill high voice, cried little was little with little man with a shrill high voice, cried little was litt

agent, J. P. Allen, and the National Ex-

press Company and \$450 in express money

orders. Allen and family live in the depot

POSTAGE STAMP TRICK to strike out the defendant's plea of abatement, and set Feb. 14 as the day for the ment, and set Feb. 14 as the day for the

Football Player Badly Hurt.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. COLUMBUS, Ind., Jan. 20 .- A hotly-contested game of football was played here to-day between a team from Hope, this county, and the Y. M. C. A. team of this city. The weather was fine and a large crowd attended. The game resulted 16 to 6 in favor of the team from this city, Columbus Hart, of the Hope team, whose home is in Edinburg, was seriously injured and is lying under the care of physician in the St. Dennis Hotel here.

The House Fell on Him.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. EDINBURG, Ind., Jan. 20 .- About o'clock this afternoon Webb Baker, a fifteen-year-old son of Alvin Baker, was assisting in moving a house. The boy was under the house when one of the sills slipped off a tack and the whole weight of one side of the house fell on him crushing him to death in an instant.

Killed at the L. E. & W. Crossing. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. TIPTON, Ind., Jan. 20.-Mrs. W. P. Stewart was instantly killed at a street crossing here this evening by a Lake Erie & Western switch engine. She, with her husband, was going home from the city. Mr. Stewart was also slightly injured.

Elkhart County Bonds Sold. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. GOSHEN, Ind., Jan. 20.-The \$50,000 worth of Elkhart bonds, due in ten years, and bearing 5 per cent. interest, were sold this afternoon to N. W. Harris & Co., of Chicago, at a premium of \$2,315.

Two Deaths. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MUNCIE, Ind., Jan. 20 .- To-day, at Commack Station, John Weaver, a tile manufacturer, aged fifty-six, died. Isaac Rowe, aged forty-two, died at his home in Muncie last night.

SEVERE SNOWSTORM.

Northern California Covered Deep with "the Beautiful."

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 20 .- The worst snowstorm for twenty years is reported from points in the northern part of the State. At Reading the snow is drifting badly, causing a number of accidents. The river is rising rapidly, and the low country is threatened with inundation. At Sissons | upon seven points at issue. the official snowfall for the last twentyfour hours is forty-three inches. All northbound trains are blockaded. A furious snowstorm is raging in the mountins northwest of Sacramento, on the line of the Southern Pacific road. All the snow-plows are at work in the mountains and the available men are at work shoveling snow. Thus far all trains have been kept moving.

Hurricane in Arkansas. ARKANSAS CITY, Ark., Jan. 20 .- A small-sized hurricane struck this city this morning about 11 o'clock and blew down several houses, one of which was used by contractor W. Warrick to keep his mules in. He had fourteen head of stock sheltered under the house at the time. and eight were killed and two or three others crippled. His sister-in-law, Mrs. Belle McGroon, and several other persons were in the upper part of the house, and Mrs. McGroon was seriously injured.

Windstorm in Texas. DALLAS, Tex., Jan. 20.-At 2 o'clock this morning a windstorm or hurricane swept over Oak Cliff and south and southeast

of Dallas, destroying property to the extent of \$100,000 and killing a boy. Several persons were injured. About twenty houses were wrecked and a number of others bad-Forecast for To-Day. WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.-For Indiana-

Rain in the morning, followed by fair weather; west winds; colder Sunday night and Monday; probably a cold wave by Monday morning. For Ohio-Generally cloudy weather, with light rain; clearing in the southern portion of Ohio during the day; high south to west

winds; colder Sunday night and Monday.

For Illinois-Clearing in the morning and

generally fair during the day, with colder northwest winds; probably a cold wave. Local Observations.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 20. Time. | Bar. Ther. R. H. Wind. | Weather. Prec. 7 A.M. 29.99 48 82 S'east. Lt. Rain. 0.01 7 P.M. 29.67 54 78 S'east. Lt. Rain. 0.09 Maximum temperature, 58; minimum temperature, 41. The following is a comparative statement of the temperature and precipitation, Jan. 20, 1894:

Normal.... Mean Departure from normal. Excess or deliciency since Jan 1 -1.02C. F. R. WAPPENHANS. Local Forecast Official, United States Weather Bureau.

Attempt to Wreck a Train.

TOLEDO, Jan. 20.-An attempt was made o wreck a pasenger train last evening on the Lake Erie & Western road at the crossing of the Nickel-plate, about six miles west of Festeria. The attempt was so bungling as to show it the work of amateurs. A split bar was wedged close to the rail, protruding about a foot above the latter. Had it been placed more firmly it would have derailed the train. As it was it was torn away by the engine, the latter receiving only some slight scratches. The road detectives are at work on the case

Alleged Bigamist Released.

CHICAGO, Jan. 20.-Granville Grav, who was in fall here on the charge of bigamy, was released to-day because there was no one to prosecute when his case was called. He came here during the world's fair and, by chance, formed the acquaintance of Miss Wickens, of Lakeview, to whom he was married on July 10. After borrowing a considerable amount of money he departed, and later was arrested in Philadelphia and brought here for trial. It is alleged that he has a wife living in the East.

Girl Attacked by a Thief. BOSTON, Jan. 20 .- A bold attempt at highway robbery was made on one of the public streets here to-day. Miss Mary R. Clark. bookkeeper in the employ of Holmes & Blanchard, while returning from a bank with a package containing \$455, was knocked down by a would-be thief, who made a grab at the package. He escaped and has not yet been captured. The money was found on

the frightened girl. Adlai Stevenson's Poor Cousin. KALAMAZOO, Mich., Jan. 20.-Mrs. Belle Hull, an indigent widow living at Saugatuck, who is a first cousin of Vice Presilent Stevenson, and was in early life a friend of Lincoln and Douglas, has lately become wholly incompetent mentally. She has been supported for some time by an allowance of \$10 monthly from a sister in Chicago, which is now cut off, and the Saugatuck authorities are making arrangements to send her to the county poor

the sidewalk where it had been dropped by

Scattled a Schooner.

SEATTLE, Wash. Jan. 20 .- Capt. T. L. Bangs, of this city, last might confessed to having scuttled the schooner Mary L. Parker, of which he was the master, to obtain the insurance. The schooner was sunk in the straits at the entrance of Puget Dec. 29, 1893. The schooner was valued at \$10,000, and was insured for the full amount. The maximum punishment is a fine of \$10,000 and ten years' imprison-

\$100,000 for Unemployed. CINCINNATI, Jan. 29.-The Mayor has

been authorized to expend \$100,000 from the contingent fund of the city for the ben-efit of the unemployed. The plan is to use it in promoting such repairs and other work as is needed: The Mayor proposes to call to his aid an advisory committee of citizens to help him bear the responsibility of directing the exepnditure of the money.

Negro Ravisher Captured. PORT CLINTON, O., Jan. 29.-Last night Mrs. William Witter, a respected white brutally ravished by a burly negro. The marshal pursued the negro, captured him in Sandusky, and landed him in jail this

Bank Robbery Rumor. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 20.-There is a rumor that a bank at Parkville, Mo., was

DEMAND FROM DOLE.

(Concluded from First Page.) further correspondence on the subject of my letter unnecessary, as the message satsfactorily answers my questions as to the future action of the American administration towards the government, the whole Hawalian matter having been referred to the Congress by the President. If, however, you still desire the specifications requested, I will be ready to furnish them. With assurances of the highest considera-SANFORD B. DOLE, "Minister of Foreign Affairs."

Inclosure No. 4, in No. 2012, is dated Dec. 29, and is from Mr. Willis to Mr. Dole. It

"Sir-I received your note of this date in answer to one from me of the 27th inst. Am I to understand that your communication of the latter date is withdrawn? If this is your intention, as I hope it is, I would, for the best interests of all, suggest that the whole correspondence on the subect be withdrawn, with the understanding that the original letters be returned to their authors and that no copies be given to the public or made a record by either government. With sincere regard, I am, etc., "ALBERT S. WILLIS."

Inclosure No. 5, in No. 201/2, is from Mr. Dole to Mr. Willis, under date of Jan. 1. Mr. Dole's signature is lacking. The note

"Sir-Your Excellency's communication of Dec. 20, inquiring if my note amounted to withdrawal of my communication on the subject referred to, has been received. It was not my intention to withdraw any of my letters, but merely to inform you that the arrival of newspaper copies of the special message of the President of the United States on the Hawailan matter made it unnecessary for me to press you for further answer to my question. With the highest appreciation of your kindly interest, I have the honor, etc.,

"Minister of Foreign Affairs." Inclosure No. 6, in No. 201/2, is from Mr. Willis to Mr. Dole, under date of Jan. 1. I:

"Sir-On the 27th ult., at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, I received a lengthy communication from you containing statements which, I am fully prepared to show, are not warranted by the facts, seriously affecting the President of the United States and his representative in this country. The charges and statements, if accepted as the official views of your government, demand prompt and equally prompt action on the part of the government of the United States, to the end that the condition of things therein described should be removed by the removal of the alleged causes. In order more satisfactorily to answer your communication, I mmediately, in a letter written the same day, requested a more specific statement

"I have the honor, now, to acknowledge the receipt on last Friday, Dec. 29, at 1 o. m., of a letter from you stating that the ast message of the President of the United States satisfactorily answers your question as to the future action of the American administration toward this (your) govern-ment.' You further say: 'If, however, you still desire the specifications requested, I will be ready to furnish them.' In reply to this last letter, I beg leave to most respectfully state that if your first communication on this subject had been confined to the ingle question above mentioned, an immeliate and satisfactory answer would have been given. That a different course was adopted has been a source of sincere and protound regret to myself, as it will be, I know, to my government, and this, for several reasons, among which, not the least is, that it brings for the first time the official information that the warlike preparations described by you, were caused by and intended for the diplomatic and military representatives of the United States.

Your communications on this subject, being official in character, become a part of the permanent records of this legation and are required to be transmitted to the government at Washington. In view of these and in the confident belief that upon fuller consideration you would realize the great injustice of your statements, 1 wrote you brief note, which was delivered at your residence on the night of Friday, Dec. 29, expressing the hope that your letter of the 7th inst, was intended as a withdrawal of your first communication and stating that if such was the case I would, 'for the best interests of all, suggest that the whole correspondence on the subject be withdrawn. with the understanding that the original letters be returned to their authors and that no copies be given to the public or made a record of by either government. Having received no reply to this note, took occasion last night (Dec. 31) to explain, in an informal way, to one of of your ministers (Mr. Damon), that my note to you was prompted by no improper or unfriendly spirit, but was intended to continue the amicable relations heretofore existing. There was in your leter of Dac. 19 no with drawal or modification of the statements the charges complained of, but, on the contrary, an expression of 'readiness,' imply-

ing ability, to furnish the 'specifications re-"I am just in receipt of your letter (which bears no signature) of this date, in reply to my last note, in which you say: 'It is not my intention to withdraw any of my letters, but merely to inform you that the arrival of newspaper copies of the special message of the President of the United States on the Hawaiian matter made it unnecessary for me to press you for further answer to my question. Accepting the above as your decision, I have now to ask that you furnish me, at your earliest convenience, with the desired specifications, as I wish to make immediate answer. With re-

newed asurances, etc., "ALBERT S. WILLIS." The correspondence ends here, with the matter apparently brought up to the point of President Dole's reply furnishing the

The correspondence was delivered to the

specifications desired. Reception by the House.

House by the President's private secretary at 1:10 p. m. The r ference in the message of transmission to the remarkable letter of President Dole to Minister Willis caused great curiosity in the House, and Mr. Hitt, leader of the Republican minerity of the committee on foreign affairs, asked that the letter be read. No objection was made. While the reading was progressing the members on both sides crowded down about the Speaker's rostrum, listening eagerly to the protest of the Dole government against the action of Minister Willis. At several points in the letter the Republicans applauded and when it was finished they broke into cheers. When Mr. Willis's reply was read the Democrats in turn gave it their approving plaudits. The subsequent correspondence evoked applause from each side alternately, the Republicans applauding President Dole's communications and the Democrats signifying with voice and hand their approval of the course of Mr. Willis. At the conclusion of the reading the message and accompanying documents were referred to the committee on

foreign affairs. The correspondence displaced all other questions of comment among public men at the Capitol to-day. Republican leaders regarded the position of President Dole as impregnable, and they were stirred to jest and humor at the expense of Minister Willis. The Democratic leaders of the House admitted that the correspondence did not add any cheering information to that already before them. They freely complimented Willis for the diplomacy with which he dealt with the questions and situations. Representative McCreary, chairman of

the House committee on foreign affairs, said: "I think the situation remains about the same, and I hope and believe that the House will take up the subject immediately after the tariff debate is over and adopt appropriate resolutions," Representative Hitt, of Illinois, said: "President Cleveland evidently wanted to give Congress an electric shock. The President goes out of his way to characterize President Dole's letter as extraordinary. It is certainly extraordinary, but not in the sense meant by Mr. Cleveland. Dole has accentuated the fearful condition of affairs on the island, while-the dread of armed invasion was pending. So far as Congress is concerned, I see no immediate change that can be effected, as the resolutions already introduced fully cover the question and the tariff appears to have the right of way to the exclusion of every oth-

er subject." THURSTON TALKS FREELY.

Future of the Hawaiian Government

as Viewed by the Minister. ALTOONA, Pa., Jan. 20.-Minister Thursten talked freely to-day while en route to Washington, on the Pennsylvania limited express. He was met at Pittsburg by a re-

porter, who rode with him 125 miles. Concerning the news from Hawaii, published woman, of Marblehead, was assaulted and I this morning, he said that while the news | mitted suicide by shooting herself with a brought by the Monowai was later than he | shotgun. It is believed she was insane. had, the later dispatches contain nothing morning. The negro gives the name of of importance. He knew nothing of the de-James Williams, of Detroit. Public excitemand alleged to have been made by Minment and indignation is at a very high ister Willis on President Dole for the return of all the correspondence on the subject of restoration, and preferred not to

comment on the rumor.

"Do you anticipate any early action of

action toward reorganizing the form of government until Congress has indicated what course it proposes to take. Whatever is done will be in subordination to and in furtherance of the originally declared object of the revolution, viz.: Union with the United States in one form or another. The method and conditions are matters of minor consideration. The reasons for this are the same that existed at the time of the revolution. They are that the late royal family has shown itself devoid of honor and un-

worthy of confidence. "The promises of Kalakana and Lilluokalani fullfil to the letter the definition of the word 'principle,' as something made to be broken. Even if the Queen had agreed to the amnesty proposition she would, without hesitation, have violated it any time that she thought she had the power to do so. As a matter of fact, she finally agreed to it only when advised that her signature would not be binding, as the constitution provides that no pardon can be granted except with the consent of the cabinet and privy council, and that the Queen's act is void, unless countersigned by a member of

privy council were a party to the proposi-

"A second reason is-and this is fundamental to the cosideration of the Hawaiian question-no independent government, monarchy, provisional or republic, can exist in Hawaii, except with a supporting military force. While the provisional government is amply strong to hold itself in power for a long time to come its members and supporters have no desire to do so. They do not desire to hold or control the government otherwise than on purely republican principles. The only reason that they now do so is that, in self-defense, they have been forced to it, and now that they have undertaken the task they are not the kind of men to give it up until they have obtained some reliable assurance that they will not be obliged to repeat the experience. Independent government means continued unrestrained uncertainty, depressing business, retarding development and injury to the country in every way, while with the stability of a government that would come with United States control there would be no more thought of revolution than there is in California, and the development of the country would be immense. The interests of Americans are so great in Hawaii that it is for the benefit of this country as well as of Hawaii that some solution of the present situation be speedily found. The provisional government will act in no

captious spirit, but be ready to cordially co-operate with the American government toward this end. "One thing I should like to say is, that a column and a half alleged interview with myself, published in a Chicago paper yesterday, in which I was made to talk a lot of pusillanimous twaddle, is a pure fake. My entire interview with the reporter consisted in my telling him that I irad been to Honolulu, was going to Washington and was unable to answer the questions which he put to me. To the honor of American journalism, this is the first time in about a year's somewhat intimate relations with press representatives that I have come across what seemed to me an intentional misrepresentation.

Thurston at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 .- Hon, Lorin E. Thurston, the Hawaiian minister to Washington, reached here late this afternoon after his long trip across the continent, and at once went to the legation. When asked when he expected to call on Secretary Gresham Mr. Thurston asked to be excused from answering, but said he expected to remain for the present, and that he did not know any reason why his relations with the State Department should be any different from what they had been heretofore. Concerning Minister Willis, Mr. Thurston sad that as far as his personal relations with the members of the provisional government went, they were of a leasant character. He said that the provisional government does not anticipate taking any steps pending action by the American Congress. What will be done thereafter depended entirely upon the action taken in Washington.

WERE READY TO LAND. Admission of Admiral Irwin, in Com-

mand of Our Naval Forces. WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.-Secretary Herbert has just received the following official report under the date of Jan. 2. from Admiral Irwin, in command of the United States forces at Honolulu: "Sir-I have the honor to submit the following report in regard to the situation since the departure of the Corwin on the

24th ult.: The military preparations for

defense continue to be made by the pro-

visional government and the excitement is unabated. "The newspapers assume that I, as the military representative of the United States government, intend to use force to restore the Queen. At the same time they quote me as saying that I would not obey any order which I considered unlawful; also that the officers and men under my command had assumed the same attitude. These sensational reports, which are intended to influence public opinion in the United States, are entirely without foundation. Since my arrival I have carefully avoided all expression of opinion, except in conference with the United States Min-

ister, and have ordered all my command to pursue a similar course "I may further add that Mr. Willis has never given me the slightest hint that there was ever any intention on the part of the United States government to use force in order to restore the Queen. My own orders, to preserve strict neutrality, have been implicitly obeyed. It has been asserted quite often that we were prepared | the way. to land, which is true, but our motives were intentionally misconstrued, as Mr. Willis stated openly, and his statement was published that he would land solely for the purpose of suppressing riot and to proteet the lives and property of the defenseess. Were it not for the course of the lewspapers in their endeavor to influence public opinion in the United States no un-

easiness would be felt, and business would go on as usual.' MR. STEVENS TESTIFIES.

He Gives the Senate Committee Facts About the Hawaiian Revolution. WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.-Ex-Minister Stevens was before the subcommittee on foreign relations to-day. Senator Gray examined Mr. Stevens very closely on the point where he has been charged by Commissioner Blount with abetting revolution. The ex-Minister stood by the statements that he had previously made, and gave the committee no opportunity to show, by his testimony, that the United States was, in any way, responsible for the revolution. Mr. Stevens was emphatic in his declaration that the revolution would have occurred in any event; that it was only a question of time, and that the Queen, by trying to overthrow the Constitution forced it at the particular time when it occurred. Mr. Stevens proved a willing witness, full of the subject and anxious to throw all the light possible on the somewhat complicated problem. He defended his course in the islands from first to last and found abundant opportunity to reply to and characterize in no complimentary terms the reflections made by the President and ex-Commissioner Biount on his policy. He admitted frankly that he had been an advocate of the annexation of the islands to the United States, but asserted that, Instead of allowing this fact to influence him in having the American troops landed. in acknowledging the provisional government and in assuming a protectorate over the islands in the name of the United States, he held back from this course as long as was possible to do so without doing grave injustice and permitting matters to assume a shape which would have been detrimental to the interests of this country and its people, not to say repugnant to his sense of humanity. Mr. Stevens explained his course from the time he reached the islands until the day of his departure. The

An Engine's Plunge.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 20.-At 4 o'clock

story was told in detail and the ex-Minister

had a most attentive audience during his

this afternoon a switch engine of the Belt railroad of East St. Louis, ran down the incline just at the head of the island opposite Carr street, and plunged into the river. The engine and one car of coal were submerged in the water. George Kirby, the engineer, was drowned. The fireman escaped by jumping. A Mother's Horrible Deed.

GUTHRIE, O. T., Jan. 20.-Near Pawhuska, in the Osage Indian reservation, yesterday, Mrs. Plummer, wife of a farmer, threw her two little daughters, aged eight and one years, into a creek with their hands tied, drowning them, and then com-

Jenkins Budlong Assaulted. CHICAGO, Jan. 29.-Jenkins Budlong, who ent his fortune in defending his partner, iward Stokes, for the murder of Jim Fiske, lies dangerously wounded in St. Luke's Hospital suffering from an assault of a restrurant waiter. Budlong has earned a living for four or five years peddling cough drops in Chicago.

tower of the building. No one was hurt but it gave rise to many rumors about the safety of the building. Architects will make an examintation of the tower and founda-

LUTHER'S WEDDING RING.

A Curious Jewel in the Possession of a New York Family. New York Recorder.

A well-worn gold ring, with its carving nearly effaced by time, is the wedding ring of the great reformer, Martin Luther, now in the possession of the widow of Baron Hartwig Seeman, of this city. The ring came into the Seeman family in peculiar manner. A wealthy jeweler and diamond merchant of Stockholm, Sweden, attended the sale of the effects of a Polish lady of rank who had died without heirs, and her property went to the State. Among the jewels which Hammer bought was this ring. He showed it to Baron Seeman, who was high in Masonic circles, and who thought it had Masonic significance from the cabinet. Neither the cabinet nor the its peculiar carvings. He bought it for old This was in 1857. In 1876 the Baron was in the mountains of Russia with his wife and son. While there the mother borrowed from a German a six-year-old copy of the Gartenlaube, and saw in it a de scription of the ring which they had bought in Stockholm and read the speculations expressed as to its whereabouts. The article explain d how the Kuerfuerst of Brandenburg had had two wedding rings made symbolical of the life and cruclfixion of Christ, and had presented one to

Martin Luther and one to his wife on their wedding day. After the death of Luther his wife was bersecuted by the Papal authorities and compelled to flee for her life. In this flight her team was crossing a swollen stream when the equipage was upset, and she bareescaped with her life. The little iron chest, with her jewels, was lost, and there was never any record of its recovery, although it must have been found when the stream ran dry in summer. The wedding ring of Luther was in this

At any rate, in 1877, when the Seemans were in Eisleben, they found that the other wedding ring was in the possession of a local countess. This ring was the counterpart of theirs, and the Lutheran authorities offered 3,000 marks, or about \$1,000 for its possession. Baron Seeman always were the ring until he died in Texas a few years ago, first telling his wife never to part with

The ring must be something over three hundred years old. Its carving is worn down smooth, but enough remains to show In the center is a ruby to represent the blood of Christ. On one side of this, as a center, is the crucifixion of Christ, with a Roman spear to form the edge of the ring on one side, while a spear, with three sponges, upon which the vinegar was given the dying Maker, forms the opposite edge. Between this and the "tree" is the head of enough to distinguish the helmet. Between the other spear and the cross is the Below the cross are the three

dice which were cast for the raiment of the dying Savior, while the three nails finish On the opposite side of the ruby is the pillar of the temple, the vell of which was rent in twain, a flaming sword, the ladder which was leaned against the cross, the rope, and hammers, and the legend, "I. N. over the crown of thorns at the

head of the column. MOLECULAR LIFE IN DIAMONDS. Gems Declared to Be Masses of Enormously Active Atoms.

New York World. If you think your polished diamond is a mere aggregation of inanimate crystals you are away wrong. If you imagine that its components are devoid of orderly, coherent motion, you are equally mistaken. It has come to pass that we are given to understand that diamonds are masses of active molecules. Inasmuch as every compact body is composed of multitudes of exceedingly small yet not indistinguishable molecules, it might be concluded that, in a solid, at least, these particles would be clustered together in an indivisible mass. This theory, as applied to diamonds, is incorrect, and has been completely overthrown by the researches and experimentations of Sir Robert Ball, of Liverpool. The facts set forth by Mr. Ball with reference to the structure of the diamond are fascinating. He asserts that were the sensibility of our eyes increased so as to make them a few million times more powerful it would be seen that the diamond atoms, which form the perfect gem when aggregated in sufficient myriads, are each in a condition of rapid movement of the most

complex description. Each molecule would be seen swinging to and fro with the utmest violence among the neighboring molecules and quivering from the shocks it receives from encounters with other molecules, which occur millions of times in each second. The hardness and impenetrability so characteristic would at first sight seem to refute the supposition that it is no more than a cluster of rapidly moving particles; but the wellknown impenetrability of the gem arises from the fact that, when attempt is made to press a steel point into a stone, it fails, because the rapidly moving molecules of the stone batter the metal with such extraordinary vehemence that they refuse to allow it to penetrate or even to mark the

erystallized surface. When glass is cut with a diamond the edge which seems so hard is really composed of rapidly moving atoms. The glass which is cut is also merely a mass of moving molecules, and what seems to happen is that as the diamond is pressed forward its several particles, by their superior vigor, drive the little particles of glass out of

She Was Not a Good Woman. San Francisco News-Letter. The looker-on was walking with a lady on Montgomery street one day this week, when she stopped suddenly and pointed out a tall, stylishly-dressed girl who stood looking in a jeweler's window. "Oh, there is Miss --- whom we came overland with," she said delightedly, "I really must go and speak to her. She was the life of our party. We occupied adjoining sections, you know." Then she rushed off effusively to greet her companion de

voyage, and was about to kiss her then'

"Is it possible you don't remember me, dear Miss-?" said my friend. "And are

you tired after your journey? You are

The bright, handsome face of the girl

grew sad, as she said in a low voice to

and there, when the other drew back.

looking real well, don't you know.'

my warm-hearted little friend: "You must not be seen speaking to me, dear. I am not a good woman.' As the other drew back, pale and shocked, I had some idea of the wrench it gave the poor femme de ville to make that confession. Prendergast Case Postponed. CHICAGO, Jan. 20 .- Judge Brentano today continued, until Jan. 31, the hearing on the motion for a new trial of Prendergast. the assassin of Mayor Harrison. The con-

tinuance was at the request of Prender-

gast's attorney, who claims he has not had time to prepare the argument Suspicious Death of a Drummer. CHICAGO, Jan. 20 .- Frank J Goodyear, of Hastings, Mich., a commercial traveler, died at the Saratoga Hotel, to-day, under suspicious circumstances. Dr. Tallman

gives his opinion that death was caused by morphine and alcohol.

Released from Prison. JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 20.-Ex-State Treasurer E. T. Noland was released from the State penitentiary at Jefferson to-day after having served a two years' term for embezzling \$17,000 from the State

of Missouri. Colonel Pate Gives It Up. CITY OF MEXICO. Jan. 20. - The races at Penon are ended. Colonel Pate to-day gave it out that there will be no more races

until present affairs are settled.

Losses by Fire. CHICAGO, Jan. 20 .- A fire in the Bee Hive store, early this morning, destroyed nearly everything on the fifth floor. Loss, \$40,000; insured.



SMALL BUT EFFECTIVE, Was the little Monitor that met the Merrimac at Hampton Roads. So too are Dr.

Pierce's Piensant Peliets, effective in conquering the enemy-disease. When you take a pill it's an important point to have them small-provided they have equal strength and efficacy. You find what you want in these little liver pills of Dr. Pierce. They're put up in a better way, and they act in a better way, than the huge old-fashioned pills. What you want when you're "all out of sorts"-grur thick-headed and take a gloomy view tife, is these Pellets to clear up your system and start your liver into bealthful action. Sick Headache, Bilious Headache, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels, are prevented, relieved and cured. Put up in scaled glass vials, and

always fresh and reliable. JAMES WILLIAM CRAIG, Esq., of Georgetown, Ky., says: "My wife thinks your little 'Peilets' are the greatest pills out."